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AMERICA IN THE 20TH CENTURY: THE ROARING TWENTIES

VIDEO QUIZ

Directions: Read the following statements and circle whether they are true or false.

1. Over half of America's riches were owned by only two percent of the people.

True False

2. Boston police and U. S. Steel workers went on strike for higher wages and won.

True False

3. Low interest rates sparked the construction of plants, homes, office buildings, and skyscrapers.

True False

4. Scientific Management identified the most time-efficient ways to complete a task.

True False

5. Vacuums, washing machines, irons, and toasters were becoming popular and affordable in most homes.

True False

6. In the 1920s, there were great tensions between Americans regarding social, racial, and moral beliefs.

True False

7. After President Calvin Coolidge died, Warren Harding became the new President.

True False

8. Garveyism discriminated against anyone who was not American, not white, and not Protestant.

True False

9. The Scopes Trial debated whether the Theory of Evolution could be taught in schools.

True False

10. In the 1920s, many students did not attend high school, as it was only for college-bound students.

True False

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POST-TEST

Multiple Choice Questions

Directions: Read each of the following statements. Then circle the best answer.

- 1. Which of the following was not true of the economy during the Roaring Twenties?
 - a. Real wealth was only concentrated among very few families.
 - b. Prices were high due to increasing demand for goods.
 - c. Unemployment was high.
 - d. Employee wages were low.
- 2. Which of the following statements about the Red Scare of the 1920s is not true?
 - a. The Communists were accused of fostering labor unrest.
 - b. Immigrants were feared as Communists.
 - c. There were tens of thousands of Communists in the Unites States.
 - d. All of the above.
- 3. Which of the following was not included in President Harding's policies?
 - a. Supported social reform.
 - b. Opposed the federal government interference with business affairs.
 - c. Supported the Isolationist party.
 - d. Opposed participation in the League of Nations.
- 4. The sudden production and sales with the automobile resulted in...
 - a. A boost to the oil industry.
 - b. Construction of highways.
 - c. Development of a major United States industry.
 - d. All of the above.
- 5. Which of the following describes the farmer of the 1920s?
 - a. Used more human labor than machines.
 - b. Forced into bankruptcy.
 - c. Unable to produce enough farm commodities.
 - d. All of the above.
- 6. During the 1920s, which country was only allowed a certain number of immigrants to enter the Unites States?
 - a. Mexico
 - b. Canada
 - c. Eastern and Southern Europe
 - d. Japan
- 7. What procedure did Henry Ford adopt to help make it possible for every American to own a car?
 - a. Installment Plan
 - b. Assembly Line
 - c. Scientific Management
 - d. Mass Advertising

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POST-TEST (continued)

- 8. Which of the following was not a new term associated with the radio, movie, or popular press?
 - a. Talkies
 - b. Flappers
 - c. Palaces
 - d. Tabloids
- 9. Which did not occur for the first time during the 1920s?
 - a. Train ride
 - b. Telephone in every middle class home
 - c. Solo plane flight across the Atlantic Ocean
 - d. Talking motion picture
- 10. Who did not earned his or her fame in the Roaring Twenties?

11. What were the two key union strikes and what were their outcomes?

- a. Georgia O'Keeffe
- b. Duke Ellington
- c. Claude Wright
- d. George Herman "Babe" Ruth

Short A	Answer (<u>Questi</u>	<u>ons</u>
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Directions: Read each of the following statements and answer in one or two sentences.

12. Wha	was the Teapot Dome Scandal and who was responsible for it?
13. Wha	role did the Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti case play in American's fears?
14. List	wo changes in business practices during the Roaring Twenties.
15 W/ha	were the names of two groups involved in the racial tensions of the 1920s and what was the purpose of
each?	were the names of two groups involved in the factal tensions of the 1920s and what was the purpose of

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POST-TEST (continued)				
16. Briefly explain what the Harlem Renaissance was and how it developed.				
17. How were Americans suddenly able to have leisure time? Give three examples of how they enjoyed it.				
18. Give at least three example of women's new roles in the Roaring Twenties.				
Essay Questions Directions: Write a short essay in response to each statement. You may use the back of this sheet if necessary.				
1. Explain three areas of change found in the 1920s, give specific examples for each area, and state why it made such an impact on Americans' lives.				
2. Describe one of the two landmark events from the clash between rural and urban values in the 1920s, as well as why each side believed as it did.				

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ROARING TWENTIES

Directions: Read the following key terms of the Roaring Twenties. Match each term in Column I with its description in Column II by writing the letter next to the term.

Column I 1. Talkies	<u>Column II</u> A. Harding's pro-business Cabinet appointee
2. Speakeasies	B. A movie with sound
3. Ohio Gang	C. Most efficient way to perform a task
4. Warren Harding	D. Reduction in income taxes
5. Calvin Coolidge	E. Oil lands illegally sold
6. Herbert Hoover	F. New credit system
7. Mellon Plan	G. "Return to Normalcy"
8. The Flapper	H. "Silent Cal"
9. Scientific Management	I. Street cars and subways
10. Picture Palaces	J. Elaborate movie theaters
11. Installment Plan	K. Harding's poker buddies
12. Mass Transit	L. Illegal clubs that sold alcohol
13. Origins Act of 1929	M. Limitation on immigration
14. Monkey Trial	N. Women's new image
15. Teapot Dome Scandal	O. Theory of Evolution taught in schools

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STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

Directions: The Roaring Twenties was a time of many changes. Many of the conditions and events of the 1920s were very positive while other areas were not. Complete the chart below to outline the different strengths and weaknesses of the Roaring Twenties.

	STRENGTHS	WEAKNESSES
Economy/Status		
Labor/ Work ForceStatus		
Women's Status		
Social Status		
Racial Status		